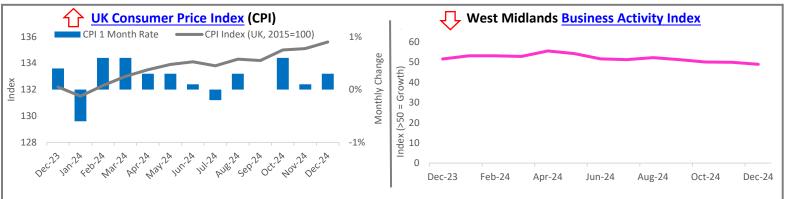


Dudley Monthly Economic Insights, January 2025

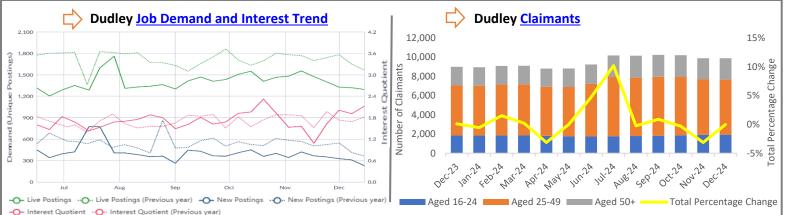
The shaky start to 2025 in financial markets underscores the UK's growth challenges. Surveys of Black Country companies suggest they are reassessing their plans following the recent Budget, just as businesses are doing nationally, with taxation their primary concern. Businesses here have previously been more optimistic than British businesses overall, which highlights their resilience. While many were hoping 2025 would see inflation falling and economic confidence recovering, there are few signs currently, with Dudley seeing worser than average impacts of the economic downturn via decreased employment, albeit with the 2nd highest rates in the Black Country. Other issues, such as declining rates of physical activity in children, translate into reduced healthy life expectancies, and lower life expectancies than the national average.

Monthly Monitoring Indicators

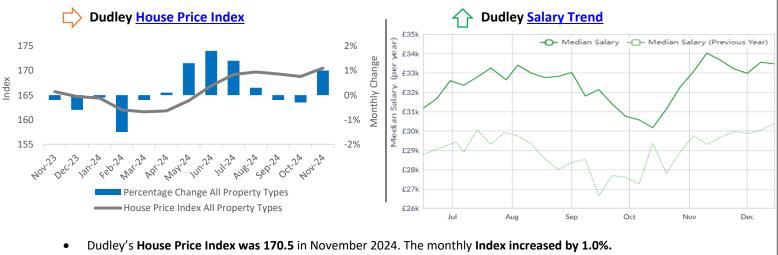
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Utilising a base year of 2015, UK CPI was 135.6 in December 2024 – an increase of 0.3% from the previous month.
 The West Midlands Business Activity Index decreased from 49.9 in November 2024 to 48.9 in December 2024.



In the past month: **2,510 job postings (-20.7% YoY), 1,343 new postings (-22.8% YoY).** 1.8 (high) Interest Quotient. In total, **9,885 claimants in December 2024**; unchanged since November 2024, (+890 since Dec '23).



• In the past month, on Adzuna: Median Salary of £33,650 per year, +12.7% year on year.



Other Recent Data Releases

- Our <u>2024 Annual Economic Review for Dudley</u> has now been published providing an opportunity to understand the challenges and opportunities facing the area with an overall <u>Black Country</u> report also available.
- The Midlands Engine have published <u>The Midlands Growth Story</u> a vital tool to supporting the region in driving sustainable economic growth and prosperity. Supported by the <u>Midlands Engine State of the Region 2024 report</u> the latest evidence-based reflection of how the Midlands has performed over the past calendar year.
- The Office for National Statistics (ONS) <u>Annual Population Survey</u> (APS) has been updated and covers to the year ending September 2024 for Dudley's economic activity:
 - Employment rate: 73.4% (-4.1pp, UK -0.3pp to 75.4% compared to the year ending September 2023).
 - Unemployment rate: 3.5% (-0.4pp, UK -0.1pp to 3.7% compared to the year ending September 2023).
- Sport England released results from the <u>Active Lives Children and Young People Survey</u>, for Dudley in the 2023/24 academic year:
 - **44.0% classed as physically active (-2.6pp**, Eng. +0.8pp since 2022/23 academic year)
 - o 24.2% classed as fairy active (-1.9pp, Eng. -0.1pp since 2022/23 academic year)
 - **31.8% classed as less active (+4.5pp**, Eng. -0.6pp since 2022/23 academic year).
- Ofcom released the annual <u>Connected Nations</u> report, for Dudley and as July 2024:

Economy and Business Intelligence

- **93.3% of premises had gigabit connectivity** above the UK-wide figure of 81.7%
- **63.5% of premises had full fibre connectivity** below the UK-wide figure of 67.4%
- The ONS released life expectancy data for local areas of the UK, for Dudley in 2021 to 2023:
 - Male life expectancy: 78.6 years (-0.3 years, Eng. 79.1 years -0.2 years since 2018-20)
 - Female life expectancy: 82.7 years (+0.4 years, Eng. 83.1 years unchanged since 2018-20)
- The ONS also released Health state life expectancies in England and Wales, for Dudley in 2021 to 2023:
 - Male healthy life expectancy: 60.7 years (-1.0 years, Eng. 62.0 years, -1.6 years since 2018-20)
 - Female healthy life expectancy: 60.6 years (-1.9 years, Eng. 61.9 years, -2.1 years since 2018-20)
- <u>HMRC UK Regional Trade in Goods Statistics</u> reports that for the West Midlands region in the year ending Q3 2024:
 - Exported £35.4bn worth of goods, an annual increase of £1.2bn (+3.5%, UK: -6.3%)
 - Imported £42.5bn worth of goods, an annual decrease of £214m (-0.5%, UK: -5.6%).
- HMRC have released <u>Regional Trade in Goods Statistics Disaggregated by Smaller Geographical Areas: 2023</u>. Dudley's findings are:
 Exported £645m and imported nearly £1.3bn leading to a trade deficit of £607m.
- Useful local reports on <u>local digital index</u>, <u>economic inactivity</u>, <u>access to good quality childcare</u> and <u>aging populations</u> as well as a variety of regional reports, including; <u>quality of housing</u>, <u>poverty</u>, <u>females investors</u>, <u>skills and learning inequalities</u>, <u>Midlands Space Cluster</u>, <u>advanced digital technologies</u>, <u>innovation</u>, and <u>R&D</u>.

THEME		KEY INSIGHTS		
Economic Outlook	•	Forecasting UK economic performance in 2025 is a challenging task. In the first half of 2024, the United Kingdom stood out as one of the top-performing G7 economies, but that momentum faded quickly. Government debt markets across the world are having a jittery start to 2025, and the UK is one of the most affected economies, with gilt yields volatile amid concerns about stagflation. Recent data from the ONS reveals monthly real gross domestic product (GDP) is estimated to have grown by 0.1% in November 2024 largely because of a growth in services, following an unrevised fall of 0.1% in October 2024. Real GDP is estimated to have shown no growth in the three months to November 2024, compared with the three months to August 2024. NIESR project growth to stagnate in the fourth quarter of 2024, with flatlining growth in the Services and Production sectors and a slight fall in the Construction sector. An early estimate for the first quarter of 2025 projects growth of 0.3%. This is consistent with signals from the purchasing managers' index and recent business and confidence surveys. Recent financial market volatility has further dampened the economy's growth outlook, casting concerns over fiscal sustainability. However, the increase in government borrowing costs reflects deeper structural issues—including weak		
		productivity growth alongside low levels of investment in the public and private sectors—which have left the economy more vulnerable to external headwinds.		



THEME	KEY INSIGHTS		
	• British Chamber of Commerce forecasts expect GDP to pick up slightly in 2025 and 2026, but this is driven largely by		
	increased government spending. Right now, firms are struggling to deal with a raft of extra costs following the Budget.		
	Investment levels are likely to remain low for the foreseeable future, as businesses try to balance their books. The BCC		
	urge government action to ease cost-pressures and spark investment by focussing on business rates reform,		
	infrastructure projects and promoting trade to unlock economic growth.		
	• The outlook for 2025 will be challenging for many small to medium sized businesses who rely on shareholder and		
	lender support to continue as a going concern. Christmas trading was subdued for many businesses, and PwC expect		
	to see an increase in insolvency filings in January and February as companies take stock of their results and look		
	toward impending tax changes in April. PwC will need to see an uptick in market sentiment and consumer appetite, to		
	avoid the risk of corporate insolvency levels in 2025 remaining at some of the highest levels seen in decades.		
	• Despite a weak end to 2024, the EY ITEM Club expects growth to pick up in 2025. Further real income growth and lower		
	levels of consumer caution will support household spending. But the lagged impact of past monetary tightening will		
	continue to emerge, and fiscal policy will become more restrictive, preventing a stronger pickup in activity.		
	• However, 61% of UK CEOs are optimistic about UK economic growth in the next 12 months (up from 39% in 2023),		
	and are also positive about the global outlook (64% expect this to improve, compared with 58% of CEOs globally).		
	Longer-term confidence in their own business has declined slightly since last year, with 57% of UK CEOs feeling very		
	positive about their organisation's prospects over three years, compared with 61% last year.		
	• The Institute of Directors (IoD) has published a new policy paper, Annual Policy Outlook: Trends, risks and opportunities		
	for business in 2025. The paper reviews the main UK policy developments that affected business in 2024, and explores		
	the economic, political, technological and geopolitical risks and opportunities facing UK business in the year ahead.		
	• The Consumer Prices Index including owner occupiers' housing costs (CPIH) rose by 3.5% in the 12 months to December		
	2024, unchanged from November. The Consumer Prices Index (CPI) rose by 2.5% in the 12 months to December 2024,		
	down from 2.6% in the 12 months to November. The largest downward contribution to the monthly change in both		
	CPIH and CPI annual rates came from restaurants and hotels; the largest upward contribution to both came from		
	transport.		
	• <u>NIESR's</u> measure of underlying inflation, which excludes 5% of the highest and lowest price changes to eliminate		
	volatility and separate the signal from the 'noise', recorded 1.3%. This low figure indicates that the headline rate is		
	being driven by large price increases in a few sectors, with inflation rates broadly falling for most items.		
	<u>NIESR</u> predicts inflationary pressures stemming from the new budget, and global uncertainty surrounding the Trump		
	presidency will likely keep interest rates higher for longer than previously anticipated.		
	 The latest Quarterly Economic survey by the <u>British Chamber of Commerce</u> reveals mixed business sentiment: 		
	• 63% of businesses say tax, including national insurance, is now a concern, following the Chancellor's Budget – the		
	highest level since 2017		
	o Business confidence has slipped to its lowest level since the aftermath of the mini-Budget in Autumn 2022		
	 Many firms (55%) now expect prices to go up in the next three months, with labour costs the biggest driver 		
	 Only 20% of businesses have increased investment in the past three months – 24% have decreased 		
Trading	• Business conditions are weak, with only 24% of firms reporting increased cashflow and 30% a decrease.		
Environment	The latest <u>Black Country Chamber of Commerce Quarterly Economic Survey</u> shows that local companies are reassessing		
	their plans following the recent Budget, just as businesses are doing nationally, with taxation their primary concern.		
	Businesses here have previously been more optimistic than British businesses overall, which highlights their resilience.		
	Recent Black Country surveys showed confidence remained consistently high until now.		
	• Sentiment tracked by ICAEW's <u>Business Confidence Monitor</u> put sentiment at just 0.2 on the index, the weakest		
	reading since Q4 2022 and down from 14.4 in the previous quarter. This decline in confidence reflected record		
	concerns over the tax burden and weaker domestic sales growth. Drops in confidence were recorded in every sector		
	of the economy, with retail and wholesale businesses hardest hit. ICAEW's latest BCM also revealed that the number of		
	businesses reporting the tax burden as a growing challenge hit a record high at 41% in Q4.		
	• The UK has risen to become the second-most attractive global destination for international investment according to		
	<u>PwC's 28th Annual Global CEO Survey</u> . This is the first time the UK has secured this spot in the 28-year history of the		
	survey. This shift in attitude towards the UK comes at a time when CEOs globally are looking at new sectors and markets		
	- more than a third said they had started to compete in new sectors in the last five years - to stay competitive.		
	 Encouragingly, total insolvency figures didn't hit the same peak levels as 2023, and December 2024 also saw some require compared to the providus month. But applying shows that some sectors are more dispreparticipately affected. 		
	respite compared to the previous month. <u>PwC</u> analysis shows that some sectors are more disproportionately affected		
	than others, with retail related insolvencies increasing by over 30% in December compared to November - with the equivalent of six retailers going out of business every day. Restaurants, however, saw a 50% reduction in insolvencies		
	guivalent of six retailers going out of business every day. Restaurants, nowever, saw a 50% reduction in insolventies		

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THEME	KEY INSIGHTS		
	 month-on-month. Manufacturing failures were up by over 25% month-on-month, and construction continues to account for a considerable number of corporate bankruptcies, with over 220 in December alone. Following a slow 2023, M&A activity in the UK's financial services industry picked up in 2024, with a 26% year-on-year increase in the number of deals, according to <u>EY</u>. UK banks, insurers and asset managers publicly disclosed 380 M&A deals in 2024 – the highest annual volume since 2012 – compared to 272 deals in 2023. The total disclosed deal value also rose from £12.5bn in 2023 to £20.2bn in 2024. Accountancy and business advisory firm, <u>BDO LLP</u> has advised on 69 deals across the Midlands and East of England with a combined value of £3.4bn in 2024. Deal activity spanned 10 sectors, with over a third of BDO's activity international/cross-border in nature. Social impact lender <u>UKSE</u> says West Midlands businesses remain optimistic and ready to grow. UKSE West Midlands 		
	 has provided £1.87m to local companies via a mixture of debt and equity, creating 96 jobs. Estimates for <u>payrolled employees</u> in the UK decreased by 32,000 (0.1%) between October and November 2024 but 		
	rose by 95,000 (0.3%) between November 2023 and November 2024.		
	• The estimated number of <u>vacancies</u> in the UK decreased by 24,000 on the quarter to 812,000 in October to December 2024. Vacancies decreased on the quarter for the 30th consecutive period but are still above pre-coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic levels.		
	• Annual growth in employees' average <u>earnings</u> for both regular (excluding bonuses) and total earnings (including		
Labour Market	bonuses) in Great Britain was 5.6% in September to November 2024. <u>NIESR</u> forecast total pay growth to slow to 4.6 in Q1 of 2025.		
	 Institute of Directors data shows that, despite some recovery in December, employer hiring intentions remain around lows reached in 2020. The significant increases in employer NI, the forthcoming increase in the minimum wage and concerns over the cost of employment rights continue to sap demand for workers. With the economy likely to have flatlined over the second half of 2024, the labour market is softening sharply. 		
	 The latest Quarterly Recruitment Survey by the <u>British Chamber of Commerce</u> reveals workforce growth struggles: The proportion of firms who increased their workforce falls to less than a quarter (24%) from 27% in Q3 Of those attempting to recruit 79% of firms faced difficulties, up from 76% last quarter 75% of firms say they are facing pressure to put up prices because of labour costs Construction (83%) manufacturing (82%) and transport and logistics (81%) firms most likely to be facing 		
	recruitment problems		
	• 19% of firms reduced training investment, up from 13% in the previous quarter.		
	 Grant Thornton's <u>Business Outlook Tracker</u> reveals over half (52%) of the businesses surveyed anticipate that they will have to reduce hiring or cut jobs and offer reduced or no pay increases and bonuses to their employees, due to the increasing cost burden. Two thirds (66%) also plan to review their employee benefits offering, with 16% expecting to reduce their investment in employee reward and benefits over the next six months. 		
	 Permanent staff appointments in the Midlands fell at the fastest pace for 16 months, according to the latest <u>KPMG</u> 		
	and REC UK Report on Jobs survey. Temporary billings continued to increase, albeit at a softer rate than that seen in November. Demand for permanent staff continued to fall in December, with the rate of decrease the most pronounced in four-and-a-half years.		
	 Half of UK employees struggle with sleep, impacting wellbeing, mood and workplace safety, says leading UK sleep charity, Sleep Action. Sleep deprivation could be costing <u>Midlands</u> businesses £1,248 per employee per year. 		

Economy and Business Intelligence – By Sector						
SECTOR			KEY INSIGHTS			

Manufacturing and Engineering



SECTOR	KEY INSIGHTS			
	• <u>The Make UK Executive Survey</u> reveals those feeling optimistic are eyeing the opportunity: almost one third of manufacturers (29%) are looking to technology, cloud and artificial intelligence (AI) to succeed in 2025, aiming to boost productivity and reduce overheads.			
	 <u>Make UK</u> has warned the cost of electricity is deterring international factory investment in the UK, creating an "unseen queue" of projects that will eventually have to be connected to the grid, adding the cost of electricity is the "single biggest barrier" to industry's efforts to decarbonise its activities. 			
	 The <u>Confederation of British Metalforming</u> (CBM), a trade body that represents 200 companies has called for "serious backing" for <u>Midlands manufacturers</u> as part of the Government's new industrial strategy. 			
Construction	<u>Construction output</u> is estimated to have increased by 0.4% in volume terms in November 2024; this follows an upwardly revised decrease of 0.3% in October 2024. This increase in monthly output came from rises in both new work (0.3%) and repair and maintenance (0.5%).			
Retail, Hospitality and Tourism	 <u>Retail sales volumes</u> (quantity bought) are estimated to have fallen by 0.3% in December 2024, following a small rise of 0.1% in November 2024 (revised down from 0.2%). Falls in supermarkets were partly offset by a rise in nonfood stores, such as clothing retailers, which rebounded from falls in recent months. <u>The British Retail Consortium</u> warns consumers are feeling the January Blues as consumer confidence in the economy fell to a new low, with concerns most pronounced among older generations. Gen Z (18-27) remain the only group to expect the economy to improve, while two-thirds of Boomers (60-78) expect things to get worse. Feelings around people's own finances fell slightly, with older generations remaining the most pessimistic. Expectations of retail spending and wider spending both fell significantly, though much of this is likely to be the end of the Christmas period, as people tightened their belts for the new year ahead. On top of this challenging market backdrop, retailers are facing £7bn in additional costs from the Budget and new packaging levy. With retailers' tight margins leaving little scope to absorb more costs, many are warning of price rises and job cuts in the coming months. A total of 12 West Midlands businesses are also named as recipients of a share in a £16.2m Cultural Development Fund. The £60m investment will help make West Midlands 'creative powerhouse'. 			
Digital / Tech	 More than 100 <u>Al trials</u>, including 12 in the West Midlands, will receive a share of £7 million in Government funding to boost productivity and drive innovation in small businesses. <u>Data centres</u> often conjure an image of a pristine and immaculate site, newly built with all the bells and whistles to support the growing demands for colocation/ GenAl services. However, for 47% of global facilities (built over 11 years ago) this is not the case and their aging mechanical and electrical (M&E) equipment can drastically impact valuations when disposing/ acquiring these sites. The Local Digital Index reveals within the WMCA area there are 6 data centres; 5 in Wolverhampton and 1 in Coventry. 			
Transport Technologies and Logistics	 In contrast to the growth period for <u>UK new car registrations</u> during the first seven months of 2024, last year ended on a downward trajectory, with year-on-year declines in each month of the last quarter. New car sales declined marginally by 0.2% year-on-year in December, marking a fourth and final fall of 2024. This resulted in an overall increase for the year of 2.6% and a total of 1.953 million sales. The key reasons behind last month's fall in registrations mirrored the challenges that have faced the UK's automotive sector throughout the year, including a challenging regulatory environment, increasing competition and costs, and changing consumer needs. <u>Birmingham Airport</u> is set to invest a million pounds per week in improving facilities "for the foreseeable future", with high single digit growth forecast, boosted by recent decisions allowing an increase in the number of night flights arriving and departing. 			
Environmental Technologies	 Researchers developing cutting-edge fusion energy are being given investment of £410m investment to kickstart economic growth. The funding will support rapid development of the UK fusion energy sector over the next two years, with investment in the skills needed for scientists, engineers, welders and programme managers to enter the cutting-edge industry. Fusion already supports at least 2,400 jobs in the UK, with thousands more to follow as the technology advances. The UK's energy storage boom slowed in 2024, with a 40% drop in submitted capacity compared to 2023. While the UK remains a leader in operational storage, with 7GWh installed, rejection rates rose due to community concerns over fire risks. Electric vehicles could account for 5% of the UK's total power demand by 2030, raising concerns over whether energy capacity can keep up. With the government pushing for 80% of new car sales to be electric, analysts at Montel warn that the grid faces an uphill battle to meet rising demand. 			



NEW INVESTMENT, DEALS AND OPPORTUNITIES					
COMPANY	LOCATION	SECTOR	DETAIL		
<u>Alfred Victoria</u>	Dudley	Manufacturing	A multi-million-pound deal has seen a bathroom manufacturer acquire seven adjoining industrial warehouses, along with a standalone office block in Brierley Hill . The property spans more than 70,000 sq ft and has been acquired by Alfred Victoria.		
<u>Merry Hill</u>	Dudley	Retail	Shopping destination Merry Hill has completed a string of new signings and reinvestments at its lower retail park covering more than 117,000 sq ft. Costa and Bensons for Beds have taken space at the scheme which, alongside B&M Bargains and Matalan renewing, means that the retail park is almost fully let.		
<u>Winkworth</u> <u>Machinery</u>	Dudley	Manufacturing	A major industrial mixer manufacturer has secured £750,000 in new financing to support its international expansion. Provided by HSBC UK, the financing, which is supported by a UK Export Finance (UKEF) guarantee, will enable Winkworth Machinery to expand its manufacturing capabilities and support continued job creation. In Dudley, the cash injection will help Winkworth Machinery to secure new contracts and continue its international expansion into markets such as the US, Asia and the Middle East.		